Department of Environment and Heritage Protection

Code of Practice

Care of Sick, Injured or Orphaned Protected Animals in Queensland

Nature Conservation Act 1992

Great state. Great opportunity.

Queensland Government

Mammals

Type of mammal (examples)	Critical care L x W x H (m)	Intermediate care L x W x H (m)	Pre-release L x W x H (m)	Maximum number of individuals
Small bats (microbats)	0.3 x 0.2 x 0.3	0.5 x 0.5 x 0.5	5 x 3 x 2	10
Large bats (megabats)	0.8 x 0.6 x 0.6	1 x 1 x 1 (for single animals)	10 x 4 x 2	30
Small dasyurids and rodents (antechinus and mice)	0.3 x 0.2 x 0.2	0.5 x 0.5 x 0.3	1 x 1 x 0.3	4
Large dasyurids and rodents (quolls, phascogales and water rats)	0.5 x 0.3 x 0.5	1 x 1 x 1	3 x 2 x 2	4
Bandicoots, potoroos and bettongs	0.5 x 0.5 x 0.5	1 x 1 x 1	4 x 3 x 2	4
Small macropods (pademelons)	0.7 x 0.7 x 0.5	3 x 2 x 1.5	10x 10 x 2	4
Medium macropods (wallabies and rock-wallabies)	1.5 x 0.8 x 1	4 x 3 x 1.5	20 x 20 x 2	4
Large macropods (grey kangaroos)	1.5 x 0.7 x 1.5	5 x 5 x 2	40 x 20 x 2	4
Small possums and gliders (pygmy-possums and feathertail gliders)	0.3 x 0.2 x 0.5	0.6 x 0.3 x 1	2 x 1 x 2	10
Large possums (ringtail and brushtail possums)	0.5 x 0.5 x 0.8	1 x 1 x 1	3 x 2 x 2	2
Large gliders (greater gliders and sugar gilders)	0.4 x 0.3 x 1	1 x 1 x 1	6 x 3 x 3	6
Koalas	0.7 x 0.7 x 0.7	2 x 1 x 2	4 x 3 x 3	2
Echidnas	0.5 x 0.5 x 0.5	1.5 x 1.5 x 1	5 x 4 x 1	2

Note: Persons and organisations are reminded to refer to **Section 10—Housing standards and guidelines** in the code to ensure wildlife undergoing rehabilitation is housed in a way that prevents injury or escape, minimises stress, maintains safe levels of hygiene and allows natural behaviours.